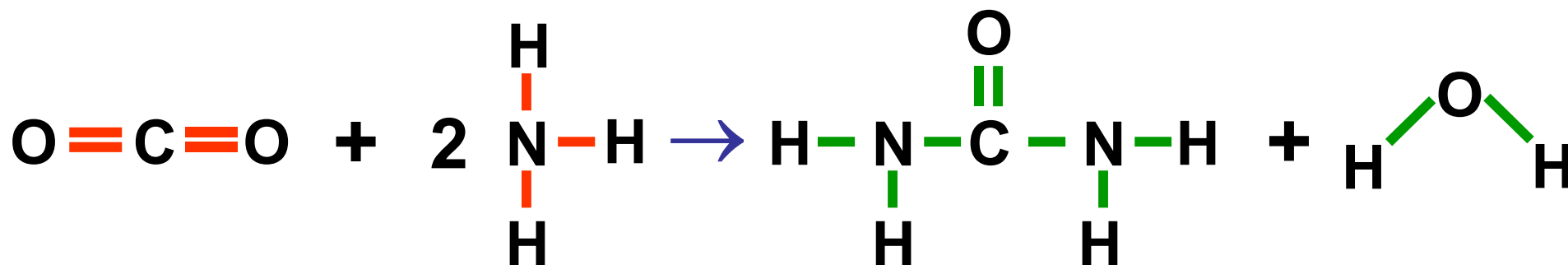


Example Problem 9.49

Use bond energies to determine the ΔH for the following reaction:



Tabulated Bond Energies

H—H	432	N—H	391	Si—H	323	S—H	347
H—F	565	N—N	160	Si—Si	226	S—S	266
H—Cl	427	N—P	209	Si—O	368	S—F	327
H—Br	363	N—O	201	Si—S	226	S—Cl	271
H—I	295	N—F	272	Si—F	565	S—Br	218
		N—Cl	200	Si—Cl	381	S—I	~170
C—H	413	N—Br	243	Si—Br	310		
C—C	347	N—I	159	Si—I	234	F—F	159
C—Si	301					F—Cl	193
C—N	305	O—H	467	P—H	320	F—Br	212
C—O	358	O—P	351	P—Si	213	F—I	263
C—P	264	O—O	204	P—P	200	Cl—Cl	243
C—S	259	O—S	265	P—F	490	Cl—Br	215
C—F	453	O—F	190	P—Cl	331	Cl—I	208
C—Cl	339	O—Cl	203	P—Br	272	Br—Br	193
C—Br	276	O—Br	234	P—I	184	Br—I	175
C—I	216	O—I	234			I—I	151

Bonds

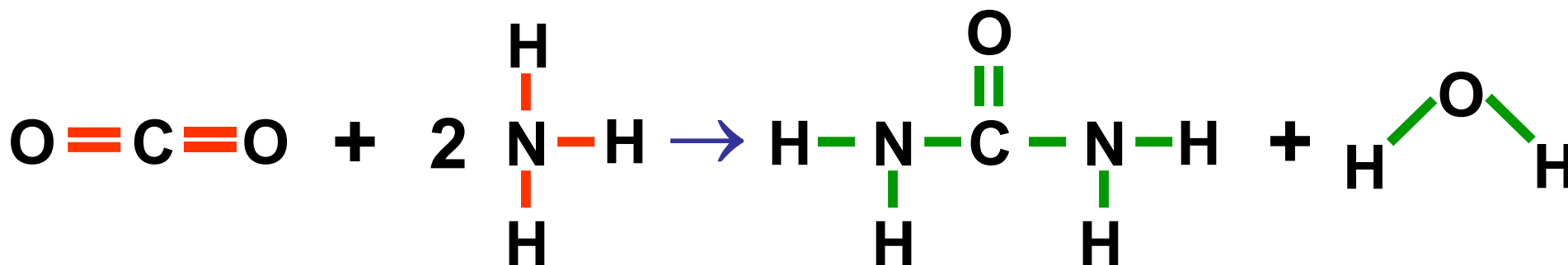
C=C	614	N=N	418	C≡C	839	N≡N	945
C=N	615	N=O	607	C≡N	891		
C=O	745	O ₂	498	C≡O	1070		

(799 in CO₂)



Example Problem 9.49

Use bond energies to determine the ΔH for the following reaction:



Bonds Broken

2 C=O Bonds @ 799 kJ/mol

6 N-H Bonds @ 391 kJ/mol

Bonds Made

4 N-H Bonds @ 391 kJ/mol

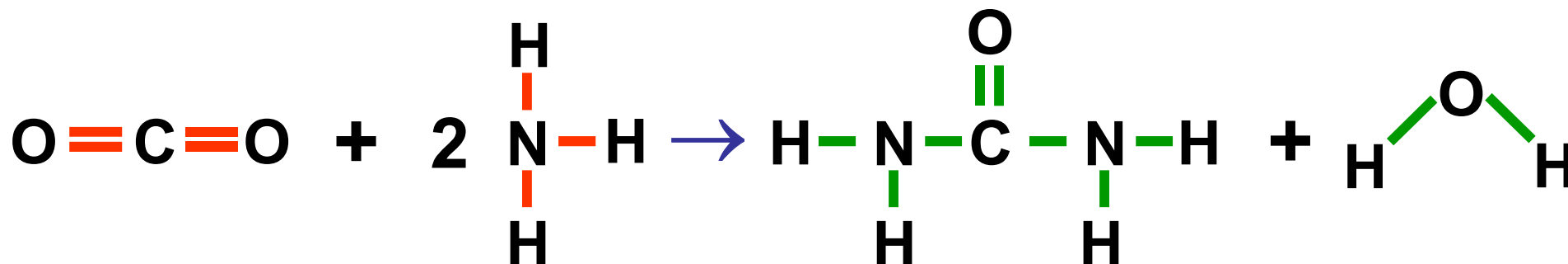
2 C-N Bonds @ 305 kJ/mol

1 C=O Bond @ 745 kJ/mol

2 O-H Bonds @ 467 kJ/mol



Example Problem 9.49



Bonds Broken

2 C=O Bonds @ 799 kJ/mol

6 N-H Bonds @ 391 kJ/mol

Bonds Made

4 N-H Bonds @ 391 kJ/mol

2 C-N Bonds @ 305 kJ/mol

1 C=O Bond @ 745 kJ/mol

2 O-H Bonds @ 467 kJ/mol

Total Energy (endothermic)

$$(2 \times 799) + (6 \times 391) =$$

3944 kJ/mol

Total Energy (exothermic)

$$(4 \times 391) + (2 \times 305) + (1 \times 745) + (2 \times 467) =$$

3853 kJ/mol



Example Problem 9.49

Total Energy (endothermic)

$$(2 \times 799) + (6 \times 391) =$$

$$3944 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

Total Energy (exothermic)

$$(4 \times 391) + (2 \times 305) + (1 \times 745) + (2 \times 467) =$$

$$3853 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

$$\Delta H = \Sigma \text{B.E.}_{\text{reactants}} - \Sigma \text{B.E.}_{\text{products}}$$

$$\Delta H = 3944 \text{ kJ/mol} - 3853 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

$$\Delta H = +91 \text{ kJ/mol} \quad (\text{rxn is endothermic})$$

